



GETTING THE MOST FROM **ECONOMY 7**

National Energy Action is the national charity, helping you with your energy bills. This leaflet gives advice on how Economy 7 works and how to use your controls.

Economy 7 is a type of 'time-of-use' electricity tariff, which provides cheaper (off-peak) electricity for seven hours, usually between midnight and 7am.



At other times electricity is charged at a more expensive peak rate. Economy 7 is usually best for homes with storage heaters. If you have Economy 7, this leaflet will tell you how to get the most out of it.

Economy 7 can help you save money. However, it may not be suitable if most of your electricity is used during the day. For Economy 7 to be economical for you, you should be able to use at least 40% of your electricity at night. Check your bills to see how much you are using at night.





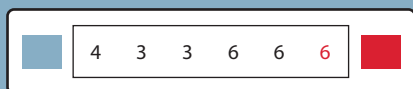
HOW TO TELL IF YOU'RE ON ECONOMY 7

You can tell if you are
on an Economy 7 tariff
because your meter and
bills will show either:

- two meter readings
- a low or off-peak rate
- a normal, high
or on-peak rate

LOW	4	7	4	2	8
	10,000	1000	100	10	0.1
HIGH	4	7	4	2	8

Or, there will be a button
to press to see
each rate, if you are on
an electronic
Economy 7 meter.



NIGHT STORAGE HEATERS

Many properties use electric
storage heaters instead of gas
central heating. Storage heaters
use **Economy 7** or **Economy
10** tariffs for cheaper energy at
night. This makes heat which
can be released into your home
the next day.

ECONOMY 10 TARIFF

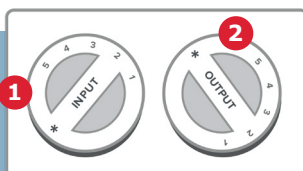
Economy 10 is another
time-of-use energy tariff that
gives a cheaper night rate,
but it's not as widely used as
Economy 7.

- Economy 10 tariff provides
10 set hours of cheaper
off-peak electricity:**
- three hours of cheaper
electricity in the afternoon
 - two hours in the
evening and;
 - five hours through the
night

To get an Economy 10 tariff you
must have an Economy 10 meter.
These are different to both
standard and Economy 7 meters
as they have additional capability
which enables them to measure
the consumption of electricity
between the set Economy 10
times specified by the supplier.

Not all suppliers offer tariffs
that support Economy 10. There
may be a choice of other tariffs
that can be used for storage
heating, so it is worth asking
your supplier.





To make sure you can manage your heating you must set the controls on each storage heater correctly.

1 The INPUT or CHARGE control regulates the amount of heat that is stored up during the night. It should be set higher in cold weather and turned down or off in the warmer weather.

2 The OUTPUT or BOOST control regulates the rate at which the stored heat is released. It should be left on a low setting during the day and then turned up in the evening if more heat is needed.

NIGHTTIME

INPUT	OUTPUT
Set depending on expected next day temperature	Set to lowest setting or 'frost control' symbol

DAYTIME

INPUT	OUTPUT
Set depending on expected next day temperature	Set to low unless extra heat is needed

EVENING

INPUT	OUTPUT
Set depending on expected next day temperature	Set to high if needed but set to low again by bedtime

HOT WATER CYLINDER

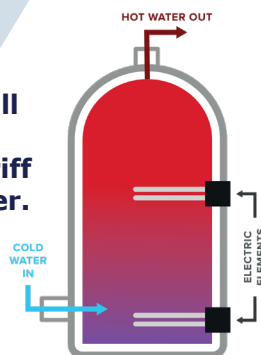
If your hot water is heated by electricity, you will have an immersion heater inside your hot water cylinder/tank. For those on Economy 7 or 10 tariff this will likely be a dual or twin immersion heater.

This has an electric immersion heater element at the bottom to heat the whole tank and another to heat a smaller volume of water when it is needed. If you have a boost switch, this enables you to use this to heat up the extra water needed.

A timer/controller means the immersion heater uses off-peak electricity to heat up a full cylinder of water during the night which is stored for use the following day and evening.

If you need hot water during the day, then use the boost switch. It will heat a smaller volume of water using day-rate electricity. If you do not have a boost switch, then use the on/off switch to turn the heater on for 30 minutes and then switch off.

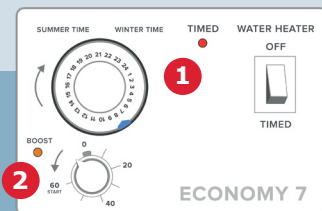
Check that you have good insulation on your hot water cylinder to make sure the water stays hot until you want to use it.



HOT WATER CYLINDER (continued)

HOW TO USE YOUR CONTROLS

This is an example of what your controls may look like:



1 Your hot water cylinder may have a **timer/clock/controller**. This can be used to give you extra control over your water heating.

2 A **boost switch or dial** turns your immersion heater on for an hour to give you some additional hot water if needed throughout the day. Due to the cost of on-peak electricity, don't use the boost setting except when you really need the extra hot water.

TIP

Most electric showers heat up their own water, so you don't need to switch on the storage heater for this.

It may be necessary to adjust your **timer settings** to allow for British Summer Time (BST) and back again to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) when the clocks change in March and October.



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